## Motive 😴

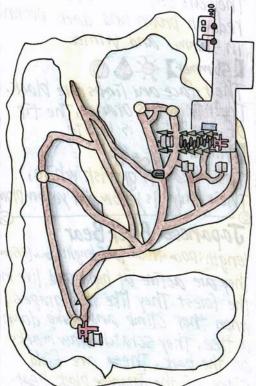
We wanted to research about living things in the kudoji mountain.
We are interested in living things characteristics and ecology.

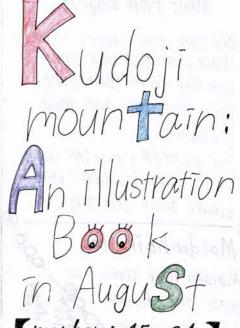
## Purpose @

We researched about plants and animals living on the kudoji mountain in Summer.

## About Kudoji mountain

- OIt is near Minami high school.
- @ Altitude is 663m





[member: 15-04] Hirosakī Minamī hīgh school. about field sings 800

We can learn about animal characteristics and their territory from their dung, their footprints and their eftovers.

For example, marten dung is in high locations and shows their territory.

Maidenhair tree Maiden hair trees are

Male and female. After the flower's shape are checked. Japanese

Their flowers Japanese Cedar's are both were planted by people. and After the war, they were

female, funder seventy years old.

Marten tail lengh: 19cm ~23cm

They live low on the mountain in conifer trees. They act alone,

making densin rocky spaces and in caves.

They are omnivores, fur is reddish brown and dark brown In summer and Winter.

Summer - - - - 0

Their face and limbs are black. Their throat is orange, The tip

of one's tail is white. [Winter] Their head is grayish white,

Their badys is yellow and yellow prown. Japanese Black Bear length: 120cm 180cm. taill lengh: 6cm 105cm

They are active at night and live in the forest. They like wild grapes, when they climb and come down a tree, they scratch daw marks

on the bark. These are field

signs of the Japanese black bear.

The common buzzards chirp is "pinpin" when it makes a nest Ttpiles up many Japanese red

pine needles or larch needles Its nest is big. It lives in mountain forests or rice fields as a resident bird.

Shake total: 60cm 120cm The Yamakagaghi snake eats trogs

Common buzzard total: 54cm gagle family

or small fish near the pond. It has twice as much poisan as the Haby snake has. Kudoji mountain has more red

Yamakagashi than other colors.

Kesult &

It's important for us to do a field survey. We can learn about Tring animals and their diets from field signs such as animals droppings.